

Topics

- Qualifications to take the exam
- Applying for exam
- ▶ Exam content
- ▶ Study strategies
- ▶ Test taking tips
- ▶ Resources



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Diabetes Education

Professional Qualifications to take BC-ADM-excerpted from AADE

Eligibility Criteria	Registered Nurse	Registered Dietitian	Pharmacist	Physician Assistant	Physician
Licenses/Registration	Current, active RN license	Current, active dietitian registration	Current, active pharmacist registration/ licensure	Current active physician assistant license	Current active MD/DO license
Advanced Degree	Master's or higher degree in a relevant clinical, educational, or management	in a relevant clinical, educational, or	Master's or higher degree in a relevant clinical, educational, or management	in a relevant clinical, educational, or	MD/DO
Experience	500 clinical practice hours within 48 months prior to taking certification examination. (Clinical hours must be after relevant licensure and advanced degree has been obtained.)				

Why Take the BC-ADM Exam?



- ▶ Validates a healthcare professional's specialized knowledge and expertise in the management of people with diabetes.
- ▶ May provide future opportunities to work more independently and be reimbursed for advanced level care?



Role of BC-ADM

Skillfully manages complex patient needs and assists patients with therapeutic problem-solving.

Within their scope of practice, the BC-ADM:

- Adjust medications,
- ▶ Treat & monitor acute & chronic complications
- ▶ Counsel patients on lifestyle modifications
- Address psychosocial issues,
- ▶ Participate in research and mentoring.



CDCES Vs BC - ADM

CDCES

- Supports and educatesMust have Master's people with prediabetes and diabetes to understand and self-manage
- Individualize behavior and treatment goals to optimize health outcomes.

BC-ADM

- ▶ Management of diabetes and comorbidities
- Increased complexity of decision making



	BC-ADM [®]	CDCES*
Eligible Professions	Registered Nurse (includes NPs and CNSs) Registered Detitian Pharmacet PA Pharmacet PA Pharmacet PA Pharmacet PA Pharmacet PA Pharmacet	Standard pathways Many health professionals quality including, Registered Nurses, Registered Detilians/Detilian Nurfitionists, Pharmacists, Pass, McDici, and many others Unique Qualifications Pathway (UCIP) - Additional options for health professionals with advanced degrees in health-related seasoniceritation. Visit the Certification Examination for Diabetes Educations Examination Handbook for complete details.
Experience		Al least 2 years of experience working under the qualifying profession (not required to be in diabetes) the 4 years preceding application 1000 hours of diabetes education within 4 years, with 400 hours completed in the preceding year (NOTE UGP requirement differs)
Other Requirements	Advanced degree (master's degree or higher in relevant field) Clinical hours must take place after relevant isensure and advanced degree have been obtained	15 clock hours of diabetes-related continuing education (CE) within the 2 years preceding application to take exam (UQP requirement differs)

Bev's Perspective

- First took exam in 2001 (before kids)
- ▶ Strong background in inpt management
- Passed test but opened another professional door expanded my perspective, encouraged learning
- Created Critical Assessment Course as result
- ▶ Member of ANCC team, provided "Review Course"
- ▶ Retook exam in 2006
- ▶ Renewed by completing a bunch of stuff 2011
- Declined to participate in committee to update exam in 2011 (although I really wanted to)
- ▶ Renewed again in 2016

Diabetes Education

Board Certification –Advanced Diabetes Management (BC-ADM) Description

- "The depth of knowledge and competence in advanced clinical practice and diabetes skills affords an increased complexity of decision making which contributes to better patient care."
 - Excerpted from AADE website

Recent Roles

- Diabetes Program Manager
 - Inpatient diabetes management
 - ADA Recognized Outpt Program
 - Outcome Measurement
 - Training of Staff
 - Policies and Procedures
 - Teach Classes
 - Write articles



- Consultant to providers
- CV Risk Management
- Work on process improvement
- Starting support group
- Staff trainingMedicationAdjustments

Diabetes Education



Becoming a BC-ADM



..provides opportunities for health care professionals to expand their roles beyond traditional boundaries and to demonstrate their effectiveness in performing at an advanced level of practice

Anne Daly, MS, RD, BC-ADM, CDE
DVANCED Practice in Diabetes Care Diabetes Spectrum January 2003 vol. 16 no. 1 24-26



Diabetes Education

2020 - Qualifications

 Clinical licensure plus advanced degree as outlined

AND

▶ 500 clinical practice hours in advanced diabetes management within 48 months prior to taking the exam



Diabetes Elu

Your questions

- For the 500 hours, what is considered advanced diabetes management?
- ▶ How do you document your hours?
- As a CDCES (CDE), how will this expand my role?
- Is the AADE version of the BC-ADM Exam is very much like the CDCES Exam?



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Advanced Level Activities of BC-ADM

- Management skills such as
 - medication adjustment,
- medical nutrition therapy,
- exercise planning,
- counseling for behavior management and psychosocial issues
- Attaining optimal metabolic control in the diabetic client may include treatment and monitoring of acute and chronic complications.
- ▶ Research and mentoring



Diabetes Education

Application Process

- Complete app 60 days prior to desired testing month
- Window to apply for Summer
- *Summer 2020 Exam window extended until July 31

Application Received By:	Application (Including \$50 Late Fee) Received By:	Testing Window:	
May 1	May 15	June	
November 1	November 15	December	

- Window to apply for Winter
 - November 1- Take test in December

ADCES is offering a live, online-proctoring option for candidates to take the exam remotely. Please visit <u>testing provider's website</u> for the latest updates on test site closures and flexible scheduling options.

SERVICES

Applying to take the BC-ADM Exam



First, register with Scantron Approved Testing Centers

- www.castleworldwide.com/aade
- Apply online
- > Applications accepted on a continual basis
- ▶ A percentage of candidates will be audited to ensure compliance with eligibility criteria.
- ▶ ibt@castleworldwide.com
- **)** (919) 572-6880

What application materials do I need to submit?

- Completed application including
 - Proof of Licensure
 - ▶ Documentation of 500 Advanced Practice Clinical Hours (within last 48 months)
 - Diploma of Master's level (or higher)
- ▶ Payment
 - ▶ ADCES (AADE) Members = \$600
 - Non ADCES Members = \$900
 - Recertification \$500 / \$800 + 1000 practice hours + professional development



Renewal

Recertification Requirements

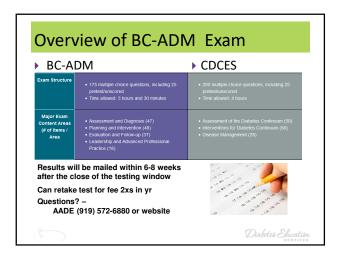
- Professional Development *plus* Practice Hours:

 Hold a current, active RN, RD, RPh, PA, or MD/DO license in a state or territory of the U.S. or the professional, legally-recognized equivalent in another country;
 - Hold a current BC-ADM certification;
 - . Complete the professional development requirements for your certification specialty (must be completed within the five (5) years preceding your renewal application submission);
 - Complete a minimum of 1,000 practice hours in your certification role and population/specialty (must be completed within the five (5) years preceding your renewal application submission);
 - Pay the renewal fee.

Recertification Fees

- \$500.00 AADE members
- \$800.00 Non AADE members





Exam Details

- ▶ 25 of the 175 questions are pretest questions and are **not** counted in the determination of individual examination scores.
- Candidates score is based solely on the 150 scored questions



Diabetes Education

213 Questions – Test Taking Toolkit

- > 213 Question Practice Exam
- Includes 108 multiple choice test questions written by Coach Beverly inspired by the American Diabetes Standards of Care. Plus 105 general questions.
- Designed to test your knowledge of the 16 Critical Content areas and help prepare you for the Exam.



\$49.00 – Includes 213 Questions plus Test Taking Tips Online

BC-ADM Exam Content - 2020 Exam Blue Print (Complete exam outline can be found in the Candidate Handbook) Category Domains of Practice No. of Questions Percent Assessment and Diagnosis Planning and Intervention Planning and Intervention Planning and Intervention Page 12020

Evaluation and Follow-up Leadership andAdvanced Professional Practice



25%

I - Assessment & Diagnosis – 47 questions Subdomains listed below

- ▶ Therapeutic interviews 4
- ▶ History, physical exam across lifespan 6
- ▶ Physiology and pathophysiology relating to prediabetes, diabetes and comorbidities 5
- ▶ Self-care behavior, mental health assessment 5
- ▶ Health care resource assessment 3
- ▶ Standards of diabetes care ADA /AACE 5
- ▶ Analysis of complex data sets 5
- ▶ Screening and diagnostic criteria 4
- ▶ Synthesis of information from test/assess 6
- ▶ Differential diagnosis/ problem list 4



II. Planning and Intervention - 48

- ▶ Standards of Care re: intervention 8
- ▶ MNT and Exercise prescription 7
- ▶ Pharmacologic therapy 10
- ▶ Surgical Options for DM Management 4
- ▶ Technology Options (Pump, CGM, etc) 7
- ▶ Individualization/ Priority of Care 7
- ▶ Collaboration, Referral and Coordination 5







Evaluation and Follow-Up - 37 • AADE 7 Self-Care and Goal Setting – 6 • Standards of Care AACE, ADA – 8 • Outcome and treatment results – 8 • Goal Achievement (SMART) – 7 • Plan Modification – 8

Leadership and Professional Practice -18

 Regulatory, accreditation/recognition disease management, reimbursement and standards - 5



- ▶ Program development and CQI 3
- National Health Initiatives, Prevention and Public Health
- ► Scholarship (research, dissemination, mentoring) 4
- ▶ Community Programs / Outreach -4



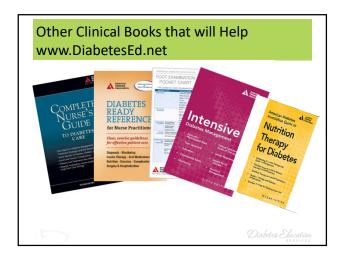
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Your questions

- What standards are used? ADA, AACE and from which year?
- What are the most important study tools?
 - ▶ ADA and AACE Stds / Clinical Guidelines
 - ▶ Nurses Complete Guide to Diabetes Care
 - ▶ Levels 1-3 and Test Taking Toolkit
- What is best source of info on newer diabetes medications?
- ▶ Passing score?
- ▶ Passing rate? ~ 70%

The AADE B	C-ADM uses t	he following sca	ale:
	Minimum	Maximum	Passing
	Score	Score	Score
BC-ADM	200	500	350

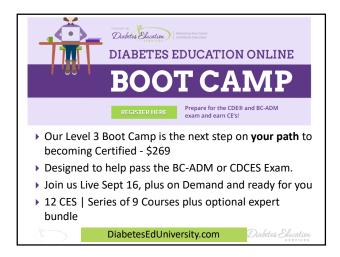












Resources - DiabetesEd.net



Nurses Guide to Diabetes Care. 3rd edition - Book

(2017). Childs, B. (editor). An excellent reference for all health care professionals providing advanced level diabetes care and treatment. Great Study tool

Links to Summary Pages

- ▶ Medications for Lipid Management
- ▶ Medications for Hypertension
- Management of Neuropathy
- Diabetes Medication PocketCards
- Online Courses

Diabetes Education

One Year Subscription to Online Courses DiabetesEd.net Students have passed the BC-ADM by completing our: 1-Year Subscription Package – Prepare for the BC-ADM and earn 50+ CEs This 1 Year Subscription Package includes 36 On Demand web courses at our best price; Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 (Boot Camp) and Level 4, plus our Test Taking and Medication Toolkits. You have immediate access to your courses for 1 year after your purchase date. Each individual online course includes a: 90 minute video presentation, podcast, practice test and additional resources. We provide the full spectrum of information to help you feel confident in becoming a BC-ADM.

See Details

From a student who passed her CDE and BC-ADM exam in 2019	
"There are a bit more medication questions, but I just took your level 3 and level 4 Bootcamp plus I read over the Standards of	
Care. Your classes do well at recognizing the key points to the	
Standards of Care as well as getting to know those 'juicy' answers that the questions on the test provide to trick you. The main study guides for me were the ADA Standards of Care	
and your PowerPoints, pod casts, and the 100 question practice test. Even though I have been living with Type 1 Diabetes for 29	
years and counting, you still need to know key points with Diabetes Care as patient centered care as well as the ADA Standards of Care."	
Diabetes Slucation	
Samuela Overtion 1	
Sample Question -1	
 A healthy adolescent with 2 year history of type 1 DM returns for a quarterly appt. For the past month, he has experienced abdominal pain and 	
diarrhea after some high carb meals. An advanced diabetes manager's first intervention is	
to order a: A. 72-hour fecal fat collection	
B. Colonscopy C. Stool Sample	
D. Transglutaminase Autoantibody Test	
Diabetes Shecation	
Poll Question 2	
 Mrs. S is having trouble sleeping and complains of waking up with frequent nightmares. Her insulin dose includes 5-8 	
units of Novolog at breakfast and dinner and 12 units of NPH bedtime. She complains that her before bed blood sugar is often greater than 300, so she takes extra insulin	
before going to bed to bring it down. What is your best response?	
 a. Instruct Mrs. S to decrease the NPH insulin by 2 units to prevent nocturnal hypoglycemia. b. Contact provider and request to discontinue NPH and start 	
Lantus instead. c. Assess if Mrs. S is having a snack before checking her	
bedtime blood glucose level. d. Instruct how to safely adjust her dinner time Novolog to	
prevent hyperglycemia at bedtime.	

Poll Question 3 ➤ The American Diabetes Association recommends universal screening for at risk pregnancies as soon as possible after the confirmation of pregnancy. Criteria for high risk include: a. glycosuria, BMI 30+, > 25 years of age, strong family history of diabetes b. the same risk factors for type 2 as listed in the ADA standards of medical care. c. BMI 30+, >35 years of age, member of high-risk ethnic group, strong family history of diabetes. d. Glycosuria, > 25 years of age, member of high-risk

ethnic group, strong family history of diabetes

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Poll Question 4

- Hyperglycemia during hospitalization is associated with poor outcomes due to
 - Decreased insulin resistance, increased insulin secretion and increased counterregulatory hormones
- b. Increased free fatty acids, ketones, lactate, inflammatory cytokines.
- c. Increased nitric oxide levels
- d. Increased risk of alkalosis

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Diabetes Education

5. A 40-year-old female patient has a 10-year history of diabetes

- Injects 16 units of NPH and 8 units lispro (Humalog) before breakfast, and 8 units of NPH, and 4 units of lispro (Humalog) before dinner. BG pattern is:
 - ▶ fasting blood glucose is 100
 - pre-lunch is 240 mg/dL;
 - pre-dinner is 210 mg/dL
 - bedtime is 150 mg/dL.

The advanced diabetes manager recommends:

- a. Adding 2 units of Humalog before breakfast.
- b. Adding 4 units of Humalog before dinner.
- c. Adding 2 units of Humalog before lunch.
- d. Decreasing the evening NPH insulin by 2 units.

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Sample Question 6

Mr. L takes 16 units glulisine before breakfast and lunch. He takes 16-20 units before dinner depending on BG levels. Mr. L also takes 42 units of glargine at hs. How many vials of glulisine does he need a month?

- A. 1.5 vials
- в. 2 vials
- c. 2.8 vials
- D. 3 vials



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Sample question 7

- ▶ A 54-yr-old male, BMI 32 with type 2 diabetes, A1c 10.3%, smokes cigarettes and not exercising. Meds include Glipizide, Metformin and levothyroxine. Given his risk status, which 3 classes of meds should he be taking according to ADA?
- a. Insulin, aspirin and ACE Inhibitor.
- b. TZD, ARB and bolus insulin.
- c. Beta blocker, insulin analog and statin.
- d. Insulin, statin, aspirin



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Sample question 8

Current recommendations for screening for Type 2 diabetes and prediabetes in asymptomatic young adults include:

- a. Individuals with a HDL of 52 mg/dl
- Individuals with a history of Addison's disease
- c. Offspring with a parent with type 1 diabetes
- d. Women with polycystic ovary disease



