





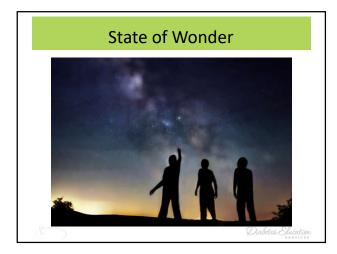


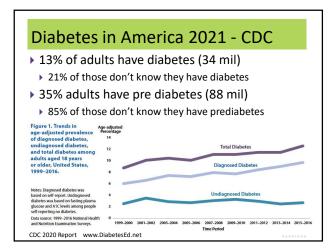


Meet Your Gut & Skin Bacteria

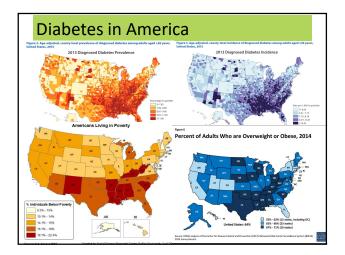
- Enjoy the state of wonder
- Discuss the role of gut and skin bacteria in relation to health.
- Explore Gut-Lung Axis in COVID
- Describe the impact of mom's nutrition on baby's microbiome
- State strategies to improve intestinal health.



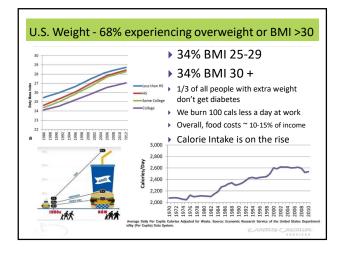








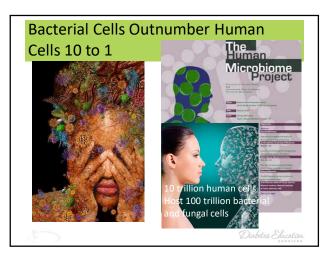


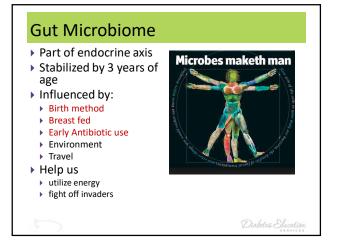




Quick Question

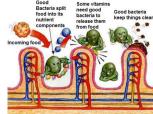
- What do you think is contributing to increasing prevalence of type 2 diabetes?
 - A. Processed foods
 - B. Increased sugar intake
 - C. Lack of exercise
 - D. Changes in gut bacteria
 - E. Environment
 - F. All of the above

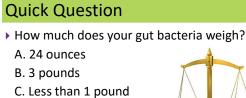




How do our bacteria help us?

- Maintain physiological homeostasis and metabolism.
 Forgotten organ
- Other benefits
 - pathogen displacement
 - immune system development
 - barrier fortification
 - vitamin production
 - nutrient absorption





D. 1.5 pounds



How much does your brain weigh?

Diabetes Education

3 Ibs of Microbes in our Gut Community of bacteria extra 'organ' "microbiome". Evolved together with our microbiome over millions of years. Ratios of these communities has changed over the past 30 years Mirrors global spikes in obesity, diabetes, allergic and inflammatory diseases



Standard American Diet is SAD

- What are we doing to change these bacteria?
- 70% of food consumed is processed
- Low fiber, high sugar
- Intake of fruit and veggies decreasing
- We are starving our good bacteria.



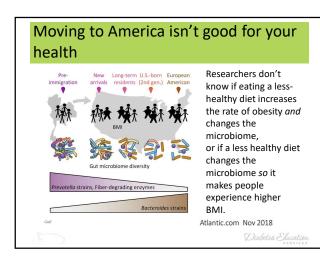
Diabetes Education

Quick Question

- In general, how does immigrating to the U.S. impact individual's gut microbiota?
- A. Increased diversity due to new food exposure.
- B. A generational decline in bacterial diversity
- c. They experience a sudden increase in Akkermansia muciniphila
- D. Decrease in helicobacter pylori.

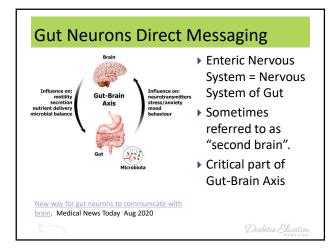


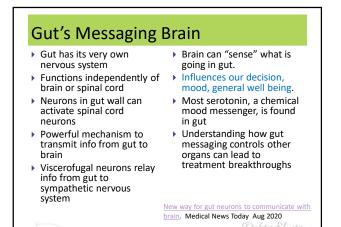


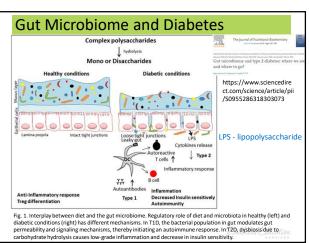




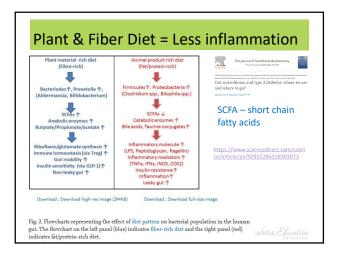
Diabetes Ed Services 1998-2021© www.DiabetesEd.net



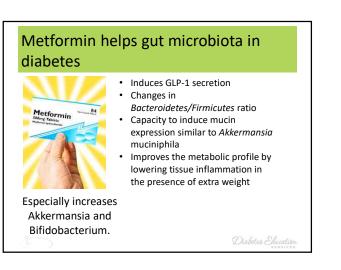


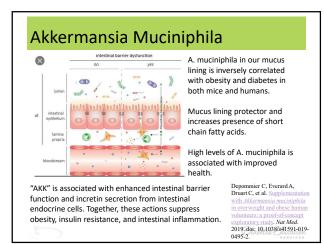












Pregnant Moms diet impacts baby's gut bacteria



Microbiota for Health

- Mother's diet shapes gut ▶ microbiota during pregnancy, in birth and when breastfeeding Impact babies' gut
- microbial community and infant growth during first 18 months
- Disruption in gut colonization can lead to obesity, allergies and CV diseases later in life
- Diet is one of most powerful factors driving gut microbiota diversity

The Study – 86 Baby Mom Pairs

- Pregnant women's diet was based on a high amount of dietary fiber, omega-3 fatty acids and polyphenols.
- Pregnant women's diet with significantly higher intake of carbohydrates, saturated fatty acids and animal protein.





Results after 18 mo's of Study

High fiber diet & other Less healthy diet nutrients

- Greater presence of Ruminococcus,
 - a type of bacteria that produce butyrate
 - Butyrate is a biomarker of gut health and is associated with antiinflammatory properties.

- Diet mainly composed of carbohydrates, saturated fatty acids and animal proteins, showed a greater presence of Prevotella
 - an oral bacteria linked to an increased risk of disease and complications in pregnancy.
 - Infants had a higher risk of becoming overweight in the first 18 months.

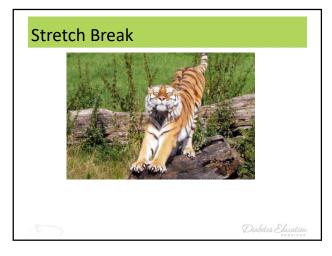
Study Implications

A maternal diet high in fiber, vegetable protein and omega-3 acids has a significant effect on the baby's microbiome and contributes to a child's development and a health during the first months of life.

What you eat while pregnant may affect your baby's gut microbiota and growth – Oct 21, 2020 Gut Microbiota for Health



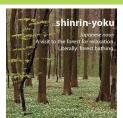
One of the best gifts a mother can give her newborn is a balanced, healthy and diverse gut microbiota, and the most efficient way to achieve that is through diet during pregnancy.





Humans Benefit from Nature

- Quiet: think tank of soul
- Trips to forest, enhance bodies immune system by increasing the number and activity of lymphocytes – 2008 Nippon Med School Tokyo



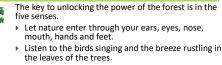
 Tranquility lowers BP, reduces muscle tension, decreases stress related illness and improves sleep.

Shinrin in Japanese means "forest," and yoku means "bath." Shinrin-yoku means bathing in forest atmosphere, or taking in the forest through our senses.

Forest Bathing Steps

FOREST

BATHING



- Look at the different greens of the trees and the sunlight filtering through the branches.
- Smell the fragrance of the forest and breathe in the natural aromatherapy of phytoncides.
 Taste the fragmans of the air as you take door.
- Taste the freshness of the air as you take deep breaths.
 Place your hands on the trunk of a tree. Dip your
- This is your sixth sense, a state of mind.

Now you have connected with nature. You

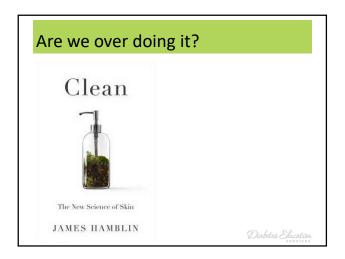
have crossed the bridge to happiness.

Phytoncides – Immune Boosters

> Exposure to forests boosts our immune system.

- We breathe in phytoncides
 - airborne chemicals that plants give off to protect themselves from insects.
 - Phytoncides have antibacterial and antifungal qualities which help plants fight disease.
 - When people breathe in these chemicals, our bodies respond by increasing the number and activity of a type of white blood cell called natural killer cells or NK.
 - These cells kill tumor- and virus-infected cells in our bodies.
 In one study, increased NK activity from a 3-day, 2-night
 - forest bathing trip lasted for more than 30 days. Japanese researchers are currently exploring whether
 - exposure to forests can help prevent certain kinds of cancer.

https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/90720.html Diabetes Succes



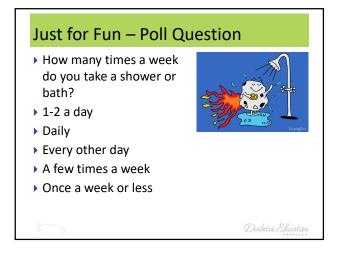


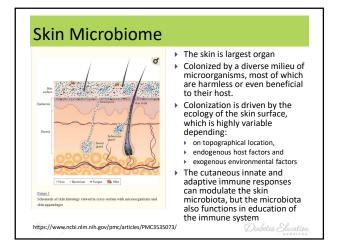
How often did people bathe in the 18th century?

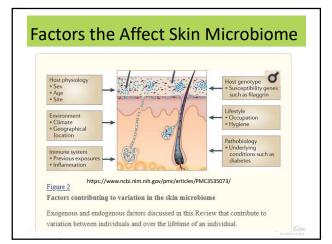
As time went on, the fising middle class was particularly attentive to both personal and household cleanliness because the status of "being able to be clean" was significant to people for whom it was important to rise socially.



Deborah Truscott, Researcher and writer on 18th century topics. (Author of the Out of Time series)







Original Article

Beyond the gut: Skin microbiome compositional changes are associated with BMI

Michael Brandwein ^a, Idan Katz ^a, Ariel Katz ^a, Ron Kohen ^{a, b} 오 떠 Show more 🗸

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.humic.2019.100063

"skin microbiome may therefore be used as a biomarker for disease manifestations"

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2452231719300120

Get rights and content

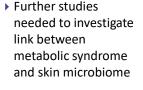
Gut and skin microbial diversity associated with BMI.

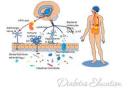
- Gut-Skin microbiome Western individuals axis – two interconnected systems
- Diet affects skin physiology and microbiology
- have less skin microbial diversity
- BMI of 25+ have less microbial diversity



More studies needed

- Statistical correlation Further studies between individuals BMI and skin microbiome.
- Corynebacterium is significantly correlated with BMI, and can be used as a weight marker.
 - https://www.sciencedirect.com/scie nce/article/pii/S2452231719300120







Skin Microbiome and Cleansers

- Should we suds up less?
 - Showering uses lots of water takes time
 - Do we need all these cleaning solutions, plastics?
 - We have been sold on importance of "getting clean"
- Is this daily wipe-out of our envelope of bacteria
 - Unnecessary
 - Harming us?



https://www.pinterest.com/pin/54817320449667694/

Diabetes Educatio

What is the Ideal Balance?

- From occasionally jumping in the river to daily shower.
- Skin immunity is achieved through interaction between the external and internal skin layers and compartments, which operate in balance with the skin colonizing microbes.



Cultural Norms and Hygiene

- Cleaning rituals associated with class and wealth signaling
 - Whitening teeth, wearing deodorant
 - enormous industry-complex of self-care, skin care, hygiene and cosmetics — which is barely regulated
- Hygiene
 - more scientific public health term
 - Avoidance or disease prevention behaviors
 - Brushing teeth, hand washing, cleaning open wounds, mask wearing

Quote from Clean – Dr. Hamblin

- A steady barrage of exposure to microbes trains our immunes systems on how and when to react
- Yet, our indoor lifestyle has the altered the function and role of our primary immune system – the skin



 If we carry dirt, dust, mud it is considered that we are "unclean".

Diabetes Slucatis

Stop Killing All the Bacteria The Hygiene Hypothesis

- In studies, mouse raised in clean environment is higher risk for DM than one raised in dirty one
- "Clean living" may increase risk for autoimmune diseases
- Diabetes risk is higher in urban than rural settings
- Daycare, other early exposures, lower risk for DM
- Children exposed to dirt, farm animals, and other kids have less reactive immune systems

Diabetes Shucation

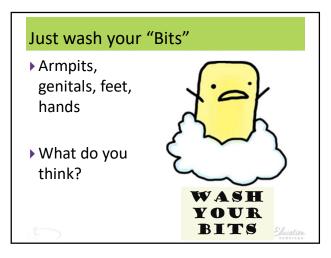
Over washing harms the skin?

- Hot water and body soaps strips away natural oils and healthy bacteria and dries skin and makes it more porous
- This makes the body more vulnerable to irritants and allergens
- Increases risk of autoimmune and other conditions:
 - Can lead to the atopic march -
 - Progression from Atopic Dermatitis to Allergic Rhinitis and Asthma

Complex Interplay

- If acne, eczema and psoriasis are the result of an interplay between your immune system and the microbes on your skin
- Can we shift or protect the microbiome and help people through their flares or outbreaks?
- Use of "cleansing products, could make things worse by shifting your microbiome



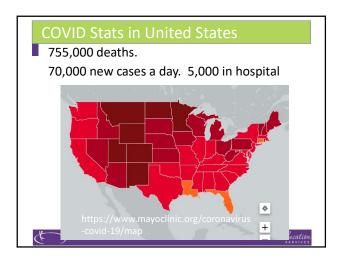


COVID and Lung – Gut Axis

COVID-19 and the Gut Microbiome: More than a Gut Feeling Daniel van der Leile, 7 gafavi 5. 2020. COVID-19 and the gut microbiome: more than a gut feeling. mSystems 5:e00453-20. https:// doi.org/10.1128/mSystems.00453-20. Editor Ileana M. Cristea, Princeton University Review Gut microbiota and Covid-19- possible link and implications Debojyoti Dhar^{8,e}, Abhishek Mohanty^{1b,e}

^a Leucine Rich Bio Pvt Ltd., Bengaluru, India ^b Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre, New Delhi, India

ps://doi.org/10.1014/s/inverse.2020.198018 colwed 24 Adva/2020, Received in revised form 8 May 2020, Accepted 8 May 2020 intergenoring autority in revised form 8 May 2020, Accepted 8 May 2020 mail addresses: ddhard(Beuclinerichbio.com (D. Dhar), pro(Begdirc.org (A. Mohanty), saliable online 13 May 2020



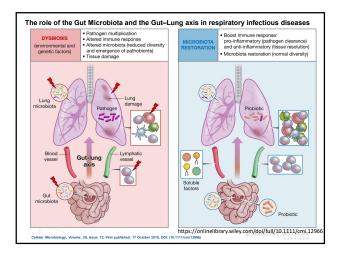


COVID AND GUT MICROBIOTA

- Gut microbiota and immunity
- Diarrhea an expression of COVID
- Intense investigation on how gut microbiota regulates innate and adaptive immune system.
- We know our gut microbiota helps release signal that activate or trigger pro or anti inflammatory responses to diseases.
- Does gut health impact lung health?

E

Diabetes Slucation



Emerging new theory Gut – Lung Axis

- Gut microbiota potentially affects pulmonary health
- Gut-Lung cross talk between 2 mucosal sites in body



- Significant GUT-LUNG Axis dysfunction in the elderly population with COVID infections?
- Elderly population have less diverse gut microbiota
 - Most vulnerable for COVID
- Loss of Gut bacterial diversity
- (dysbiosis)

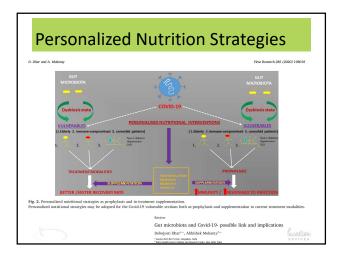
Diabetes Educati

Gut-Lung Axis and COVID

- Role of the gut microbiota in influencing lung diseases well articulated.
- Respiratory virus infection causes perturbations in the gut microbiota.
- Diet, environmental factors and genetics play an important role in shaping gut microbiota which can influence immunity.
- Gut microbiota diversity is decreased in old age
- Elderly have high COVID fatality rate – is dysbiosis contributing?









Gut Nutrition – Important factor protect elderly in long term care facilities

There is no greater
 vulnerable
 population than
 Elderly in Long Term
 Care facilities.



 Opportunity to evaluate and improve nutrition

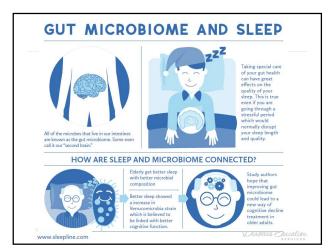


Reunite with "Old Friends"

But while your inherited genes are more or less fixed, it may be possible to reshape, even cultivate, your "second genome"



Single Healthy Mean Learning To Love Out Single Healthy Mean Learning Course of the Single Health He









Getting to Better Gut Bacterial Health

Eat more PREbiotics

- Foods with indigestible fibers that nourish the good bacteria:
 - High fiber foods like, whole grains, fruits, veggies, nuts
 - High in prebiotic fibers include: Jerusalem artichokes, onions, kale, Brussels sprouts, bananas, dandelion greens & more

These foods contain healthy bacteria like Bifidobacterium and

PRObiotics

- *lactobacillus.*Yogurt, Kefir look for
- "live or active cultures"
- Sauerkraut, Kimchi, Miso soup, kombucha

Diabetes Education

12 Super Foods to Enjoy> Beans> Tomatoes> Dark Green Leafy> Onions

- Dark Green Leafy Vegs
- Citrus Fruit
- Sweet Potatoes
- Berries
- Garlic
- Nuts

Fatty Acids

Whole Grains

 Fat-Free Milk and Yogurt

Fish High in Omega-3





